

W7-X status:

- schedule is stable (PV closure in Jan., begin device commissioning end of Jan., manufacturing of transformers so far on time, existing transformers tested and ok)
- originally envisaged functionality of system expected to be available for OP 2.2 (1.5MW gyrotron delivery in Jan, pellet injector already on site, ICRH antenna already installed)
- activities to improve/harden systems to enhance reliability (cryo plant, ECRH, Thomson, ...)

Operation schedule

Jul '23	Sep '23	Nov '23	Jan '24	Mrz '24	Mai '24	Jul '2	24 5	Sep '24	Nov '24	Jan '25	Mrz '25	Mai '25	Jul	'25	Sep '25	Nov '25
Maintenance Phase	e MP2.2			Operation Phase OP2.	2					Maintenan ce Phase MP2.3	Operation Pha	se OP2.3		Maintena	nce Phase MP2.4	
				Device Commissionin	g	ОР 2.2 SO- I	Cryo plant long standby	OP2.2 Scientif II	ic Operation	Cryo plant long standby	OP2.3 Scientif Operation	ic	W7-X shutdo wn			



Key steps and schedule of program planning:

- call for proposals will go out before Christmas
- short specification will be published by Christmas
- proposal submission period: 01.-29. Feb. 2024
- W7-X program workshop: April 2024
- campaign session plan: by end of plasma commissioning phase 12. July 2024



W7-X optimization and project goals:

l.	feasibility of modular coils and high quality of magnetic flux surfaces	T. Andreeva et al., Nucl. Fusion 55 (2015) T. Sunn Pedersen et al., Nat Commun 7 (2016)						
II.	long-pulse operation	30min discharges @ 18GJ energy turnaround						
III.	good finite- β equilibrium properties and MHD stability	 high-β operation (β≥3%) exploitation of unstable magn. configurations 						
IV.	good neoclassical confinement	C.D. Beidler et al., Nature 598 (2021)						
V.	stiff magnetic field geometry	 high-β operation significant bootstrap current 						
VI.	good collisionless α -particle confinement	 high-β operation generation of fast ions 						
VII.	improved confinement scenarios	 de-/coupling of energy and particle transport control of impurity accumulation 						
VIII.	compatible core-edge scenarios	 divertor operation w/ control of PFC heat fluxes energy/particle exhaust 						
IX.	reactor-relevant first wall	studies for future operation with all-metallic PFCs						

Discussion points – TF I



O1: High Performance / ne Profile Control / Impurity Accumulation

- scenario 2 (low edge density): Low edge ne caused by boronization or could also be achieved using e.g. right after cleaning pulse? To be tested. [Langenberg]
- routine provide absorbed NBI power in various magnetic configurations: Database or provide Sams tool for W7-X team? [Wurden]
- search for H-mode at W7-X? So far only one proposal for this, to be reevaluated for enhanced P_HEAT and FMM002 configuration in OP2.2 [Wurden]
- scenario 4 (O2 re-introduction): Detailed role of low order rationals e.g. in FMM002, ITB's? [Dinklage]
- definition of 'High Performance'? High beta? Central vs. radial averaged Ti, triple product etc. [von Stechow]
- develop high ne scenario 5 with more available P_HEAT [Fuchert]
- ne profile control: no results w.r.t. main/divertor gas fueling (missing, data available) [Langenberg]
- particle transport analysis missing [Reimold]
- O2: W7-X Operational Map / Status of Heating Systems
- NBI current drive exp. missing [Lazerson]
- feedback of P_ECRH power to ne (line integrated as first step) required for stabilization of scenario 4 (CoDaC WP) [Ford et al.]
- heating scenario aspects requires more detailed discussion (high-density, O2, 4xNBI, NBI+O2)[Grulke]
- What causes damage on module 1 heat shield tiles: fast ions or misdirected O2 heating? (no FI loads in standard, high and low iota)
- O3: ICRH Startup
- radiation and/or impurity rise during ICRH? Copper impurities near edge? Only 1 antenna missing effect? [Wurden, Ongena, Buttenschön, et al.]
- observable Ti increase during ICRH? [Wurden, Ongena]
- assess density to be sufficient for takeover scenarios with NBI. A minor task could be to identify the density as a function of power and the pulse duration acceptable for ICRH in the breakdown phase. I also expect a predictive modeling based on the results and the Gradic-model for NBI startup [Dinklage]

Discussion points – TF II

O1: Detachment

- strong seeding at high heating power compatible with core scenarios? [Reimold]
- strategy to improve divertor particle flux/sub-divertor neutral compression? [Grulke]

O3: Tungsten

• strategy of tungsten program (source, transport, compatibility with W7-X goals) [Grulke]

O5: Reference discharge

- need to revise reference discharge (particularly radiation collapse)? [Hammond]
 - \circ To what extent have the reference discharges been utilized for analysis so far?
 - \circ Are there modifications to the discharge that would make it more useful?
 - $\circ\,$ Is it necessary to finish with high density and low power

general:

Safe operation: how to overcome the TM5h/TM6h limitation?

- · erosion effects of seeding impurities?
- effect of gas injection in the midplane on transport ("core cleaning")?

High performance operation with peaked n_e-profiles: only possible with high pumping walls?

- right after boronization?
- right after ECRH (trains, blips), ICRH-cleaning?



Discussion points – TF III



- analysis tools [Lazerson]:
 - short-term (accompanying session) and detailed (Minerva?)
 - equilibrium reconstruction
- What do we need in the context off island transport, drift effects etc. in the broad divertor picture (density range, neutral compression, exhaust...)? [Grulke]